## **CLAIMS**

- 1. An isolated polypeptide having the sequence of DSP-16 recited in SEQ ID NO:2, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more amino acid deletions, additions, insertions or substitutions at no more than 50% of the residues in SEQ ID NO:2, such that the polypeptide retains the ability to dephosphorylate an activated MAP-kinase.
- 2. An isolated polynucleotide that encodes at least ten consecutive amino acids of a polypeptide having a sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:2.
- 3. An isolated polynucleotide that encodes at least fifteen consecutive amino acids of a polypeptide having a sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:2.
- 4. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 2 or 3.
- 5. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 4.
- 6. An isolated polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide according to claim 1.
- 7. A polynucleotide according to claim 6, comprising the sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:1.
  - 8. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 6.
- 9. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 8.

- 10. An antisense polynucleotide comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides complementary to a polynucleotide according to claim 6.
- 11. An isolated polynucleotide that detectably hybridizes to the complement of the sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:1 under conditions that include a wash in 0.1X SSC and 0.1% SDS at 50 °C for 15 minutes.
- 12. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 10 or claim 11.
- 13. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 12.
  - 14. A method of producing a DSP-16 polypeptide, comprising the steps of:
- (a) culturing a host cell according to claim 9 under conditions that permit expression of the DSP-16 polypeptide; and
  - (b) isolating DSP-16 polypeptide from the host cell culture.
- 15. An isolated antibody, or antigen binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a DSP-16 polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 16. An antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 15, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 15 in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.
  - 18. A method for detecting DSP-16 expression in a sample, comprising:

- (a) contacting a sample with an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 15, under conditions and for a time sufficient to allow formation of an antibody/DSP-16 complex; and
- (b) detecting the level of antibody/DSP-16 complex, and therefrom detecting the presence of DSP-16 in a sample.
- 19. A method according to claim 18, wherein the antibody is linked to a support material.
- 20. A method according to claim 18, wherein the antibody is linked to a detectable marker.
- 21. A method according to claim 18, wherein the sample is a biological sample obtained from a patient.
  - 22. A method for detecting DSP-16 expression in a sample, comprising:
- (a) contacting a sample with an antisense polynucleotide according to claim 10 or claim 11; and
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of DSP-16 polynucleotide that hybridizes to the antisense polynucleotide, and therefrom detecting DSP-16 expression in the sample.
- 23. A method according to claim 22, wherein the amount of DSP-16 polynucleotide that hybridizes to the antisense polynucleotide is determined using polymerase chain reaction.
- 24. A method according to claim 22, wherein the amount of DSP-16 polynucleotide that hybridizes to the antisense polynucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

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- 25. A method according to claim 22, wherein the sample comprises an RNA or cDNA preparation.
- 26. A method for screening for an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a candidate agent with a polypeptide according to claim 1, under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit interaction between the polypeptide and candidate agent; and
- (b) subsequently evaluating the ability of the polypeptide to dephosphorylate a DSP-16 substrate, relative to a predetermined ability of the polypeptide to dephosphorylate the DSP-16 substrate in the absence of candidate agent;

and therefrom identifying an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity.

- 27. A method according to claim 26, wherein the DSP-16 substrate is a MAP-kinase.
- 28. A method according to claim 26, wherein the candidate agent is a small molecule.
- 29. A method according to claim 26, wherein the small molecule is present within a combinatorial library.
- 30. A method for screening for an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a candidate agent with a cell comprising a DSP-16 promoter operably linked to a polynucleotide encoding a detectable transcript or protein, under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit interaction between the promoter and candidate agent; and
- (b) subsequently evaluating the expression of the polynucleotide, relative to a predetermined level of expression in the absence of candidate agent;

and therefrom identifying an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity.

- 31. A method according to claim 30, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a DSP-16 polypeptide.
- 32. A method according to claim 30, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a reporter protein.
- 33. A method for modulating a proliferative response in a cell, comprising contacting a cell with an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity.
- 34. A method for modulating differentiation of a cell, comprising contacting a cell with an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity.
- 35. A method for modulating survival of a cell, comprising contacting a cell with an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity.
- 36. A method according to any one of claims 33-35, wherein the agent modulates a pattern of gene expression.
- 37. A method according to any one of claims 33-35, wherein the cell displays contact inhibition of cell growth.
- 38. A method according to any one of claims 33-35, wherein the cell displays anchorage independent growth.
- 39. A method according to any one of claims 33-35, wherein the cell displays an altered intercellular adhesion property.

- 40. A method according to claim 35, wherein the agent modulates apoptosis.
- 41. A method according to claim 35, wherein the agent modulates the cell cycle.
- 42. A method according to claim 32, wherein the cell is present within a patient.
- 43. A method for treating a patient afflicted with a disorder associated with DSP-16 activity, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of an agent that modulates DSP-16 activity.
- 44. A method according to claim 43, wherein the disorder is selected from the group consisting of Duchenne muscular dystrophy, cancer, graft-versus-host disease, autoimmune diseases, allergies, metabolic diseases, abnormal cell growth, abnormal cell proliferation and cell cycle abnormalities.
- 45. A DSP-16 substrate trapping mutant polypeptide that differs from the sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:2 in one or more amino acid deletions, additions, insertions or substitutions at no more than 50% of the residues in SEQ ID NO:2, such that the polypeptide binds to a substrate with an affinity that is not substantially diminished relative to DSP-16, and such that the ability of the polypeptide to dephosphorylate a substrate is reduced relative to DSP-16.
- 46. A substrate trapping mutant polypeptide according to claim 45, wherein the polypeptide contains a substitution at position 213 or position 244 of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 47. A method for screening a molecule for the ability to interact with DSP-16, comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a candidate molecule with a polypeptide according to claim 1 under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the candidate molecule and polypeptide to interact; and
- (b) detecting the presence or absence of binding of the candidate molecule to the polypeptide, and therefrom determining whether the candidate molecule interacts with DSP-16.
- 48. A method according to claim 47, wherein the step of detecting comprises an affinity purification step.
- 49. A method according to claim 47, wherein the step of detecting comprises a yeast two hybrid screen or a screen of a phage display library.
- 50. An isolated polypeptide comprising the sequence of DSP-16 alternate form recited in SEQ ID NO:21, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more amino acid deletions, additions, insertions or substitutions at no more than 50% of the residues in SEQ ID NO:21, such that the polypeptide retains the ability to dephosphorylate an activated MAP-kinase.
- 51. An isolated polynucleotide that encodes at least ten consecutive amino acids of a polypeptide having a sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:21.
- 52. An isolated polynucleotide that encodes at least fifteen consecutive amino acids of a polypeptide having a sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO:21.
- 53. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 51 or 52.
- 54. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 53.

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- 55. An isolated polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide according to claim 50.
- 56. A polynucleotide according to claim 55, comprising the sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:20.
  - 57. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 55.
- 58. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 57.
- 59. An antisense polynucleotide comprising at least 15 consecutive nucleotides complementary to a polynucleotide according to claim 55.
- 60. An isolated polynucleotide that detectably hybridizes to the complement of the sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:20 under conditions that include a wash in 0.1X SSC and 0.1% SDS at 60 °C for 15 minutes.
- 61. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 59 or claim 60.
- 62. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 61.
- 63. A method of producing a DSP-16 alternate form polypeptide, comprising the steps of:
- (a) culturing a host cell according to claim 58 under conditions that permit expression of the DSP-16 alternate form polypeptide; and
  - (b) isolating DSP-16 alternate form polypeptide from the host cell culture.

- 64. An isolated antibody, or antigen binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a DSP-16 alternate form polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:21.
- 65. An antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 64, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
- 66. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 64 in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.
- 67. A method for detecting DSP-16 alternate form expression in a sample, comprising:
- (a) contacting a sample with an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 64, under conditions and for a time sufficient to allow formation of an antibody/DSP-16 alternate form complex; and
- (b) detecting the level of antibody/DSP-16 alternate form complex, and therefrom detecting the presence of DSP-16 alternate form in a sample.
- 68. A method according to claim 67, wherein the antibody is linked to a support material.
- 69. A method according to claim 67, wherein the antibody is linked to a detectable marker.
- 70. A method according to claim 67, wherein the sample is a biological sample obtained from a patient.
- 71. A method for detecting DSP-16 alternate form expression in a sample, comprising:

- (a) contacting a sample with an antisense polynucleotide according to claim 59 or claim 60; and
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of DSP-16 alternate form polynucleotide that hybridizes to the antisense polynucleotide, and therefrom detecting DSP-16 alternate form expression in the sample.
- 72. A method according to claim 71, wherein the amount of DSP-16 alternate form polynucleotide that hybridizes to the antisense polynucleotide is determined using polymerase chain reaction.
- 73. A method according to claim 71, wherein the amount of DSP-16 alternate form polynucleotide that hybridizes to the antisense polynucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.
- 74. A method according to claim 71, wherein the sample comprises an RNA or cDNA preparation.
- 75. A method for screening for an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a candidate agent with a polypeptide according to claim 50, under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit interaction between the polypeptide and candidate agent; and
- (b) subsequently evaluating the ability of the polypeptide to dephosphorylate a DSP-16 alternate form substrate, relative to a predetermined ability of the polypeptide to dephosphorylate the DSP-16 alternate form substrate in the absence of candidate agent;

and therefrom identifying an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity.

76. A method according to claim 75, wherein the DSP-16 alternate form substrate is a MAP-kinase.

- 77. A method according to claim 75, wherein the candidate agent is a small molecule.
- 78. A method according to claim 75, wherein the small molecule is present within a combinatorial library.
- 79. A method for screening for an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a candidate agent with a cell comprising a DSP-16 alternate form promoter operably linked to a polynucleotide encoding a detectable transcript or protein, under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit interaction between the promoter and candidate agent; and
- (b) subsequently evaluating the expression of the polynucleotide, relative to a predetermined level of expression in the absence of candidate agent;

and therefrom identifying an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity.

- 80. A method according to claim 79, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a DSP-16 alternate form polypeptide.
- 81. A method according to claim 79, wherein the polynucleotide encodes a reporter protein.
- 82. A method for modulating a proliferative response in a cell, comprising contacting a cell with an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity.
- 83. A method for modulating differentiation of a cell, comprising contacting a cell with an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity.

- 84. A method for modulating survival of a cell, comprising contacting a cell with an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity.
- 85. A method according to any one of claims 82-84, wherein the agent modulates a pattern of gene expression.
- 86. A method according to any one of claims 82-84, wherein the cell displays contact inhibition of cell growth.
- 87. A method according to any one of claims 82-84, wherein the cell displays anchorage independent growth.
- 88. A method according to any one of claims 82-84, wherein the cell displays an altered intercellular adhesion property.
  - 89. A method according to claim 84, wherein the agent modulates apoptosis.
- 90. A method according to claim 84, wherein the agent modulates the cell cycle.
- 91. A method according to claim 81, wherein the cell is present within a patient.
- 92. A method for treating a patient afflicted with a disorder associated with DSP-16 alternate form activity, comprising administering to a patient a therapeutically effective amount of an agent that modulates DSP-16 alternate form activity.

- 93. A method according to claim 92, wherein the disorder is selected from the group consisting of cancer, graft-versus-host disease, autoimmune diseases, allergies, metabolic diseases, abnormal cell growth, abnormal cell proliferation and cell cycle abnormalities.
- 94. A DSP-16 alternate form substrate trapping mutant polypeptide that differs from the sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:21 in one or more amino acid deletions, additions, insertions or substitutions at no more than 50% of the residues in SEQ ID NO:21, such that the polypeptide binds to a substrate with an affinity that is not substantially diminished relative to DSP-16 alternate form, and such that the ability of the polypeptide to dephosphorylate a substrate is reduced relative to DSP-16 alternate form.
- 95. A substrate trapping mutant polypeptide according to claim 94, wherein the polypeptide contains a substitution at position 213 or position 244 of SEQ ID NO:21.
- 96. A method for screening a molecule for the ability to interact with DSP-16 alternate form, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a candidate molecule with a polypeptide according to claim 50 under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the candidate molecule and polypeptide to interact; and
- (b) detecting the presence or absence of binding of the candidate molecule to the polypeptide, and therefrom determining whether the candidate molecule interacts with DSP-16 alternate form.
- 97. A method according to claim 96, wherein the step of detecting comprises an affinity purification step.
- 98. A method according to claim 96, wherein the step of detecting comprises a yeast two hybrid screen or a screen of a phage display library.